

# Math 157 - Quiz 8

October 29, 2014

Name key Score \_\_\_\_\_

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (3 points) Use the 2nd derivative to determine whether the graph of

$$f(x) = 85x^4 + 107x^3 - 264x^2 + 120x + 1$$

is concave up or concave down at  $x = -1$ .

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= 3(4)(85)x^3 + 2(3)(107)x - (1)(2)(264) \\ &= 1020x^3 + 642x - 528 \end{aligned}$$

$$f''(-1) = 1020 - 642 - 528 = -150 \Rightarrow \text{GRAPH IS CONCAVE DOWN.}$$

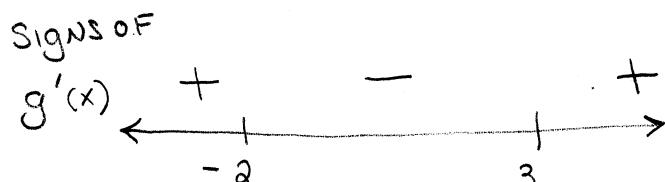
2. (4 points) Find the inflection point(s) of the graph of  $y = x e^{-3x}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= e^{-3x} - 3x e^{-3x} = e^{-3x}(1-3x) & \text{SIGNS OF } y'' & \begin{array}{c} - \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} + \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \end{array} \\ \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} &= -3e^{-3x}(1-3x) - 3e^{-3x} & \frac{2}{3} & \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ - \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \end{array} \\ &= e^{-3x}(-6+9x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{6}{9} = \frac{2}{3} & \left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}e^{-\frac{2}{3}}\right) & \text{IS THE ONLY INF. PT.} \end{aligned}$$

3. (3 points) Find the critical numbers and determine whether they give local (relative) minima or maxima:  $g(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 36x$ .

$$\begin{aligned} g'(x) &= 6x^2 - 6x - 36 \\ &= 6(x^2 - x - 6) \\ &= 6(x-3)(x+2) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3, x = -2$$



$g(-2) = 44$  IS A REL. MAX

$g(3) = -81$  IS A REL. MIN.