

Math 171 - Quiz 11

November 28, 2018

Name key

Score _____

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (3 points) Consider the function $f(x) = x^3 - 16x + 32$, and suppose you wish to find a solution of $f(x) = 0$.

(a) Use Newton's method starting with $x_0 = 2$. Take several steps. What do you notice?

$$f(x) = x^3 - 16x + 32$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 16$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}$$

$$x_0 = 2$$

$$x_1 = 4$$

$$x_2 = 3$$

$$x_3 = 2$$

$$x_4 = 4$$

$$x_5 = 3$$

$$x_6 = 2$$

NEWTON'S METHOD

CONTINUALLY CYCLES

THROUGH 2, 4, 3.

(b) Use Newton's method with a better initial guess. Take enough steps to determine the solution with several digits of accuracy.

$$x_0 = -5$$

$$x_1 = -4.77966$$

$$x_2 = -4.76600$$

$$x_3 = -4.76595$$

$$x_4 = -4.76595$$

← THIS APPEARS TO BE ACCURATE TO ALL FIVE DECIMAL PLACES.

2. (3 points) Use differentials to approximate the value of $\sqrt[4]{626}$. Do this entirely without using your calculator.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x} = x^{1/4}$$

$$\Delta y \approx \frac{1}{4} x^{-3/4} \Delta x$$

USE $x = 625$ AND $\Delta x = 1$

$$\Delta y = f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (625)^{-3/4} (1) \approx (626)^{1/4} - (625)^{1/4}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{5^3} + 5 \approx (626)^{1/4}$$

$$\frac{1}{500} + 5 \approx (626)^{1/4} \Rightarrow (626)^{1/4}$$

$$\approx \boxed{5.002}$$

Follow-up: Now use your calculator to compare your approximation to the calculator's value of $\sqrt[4]{626}$.

$$(626)^{1/4} \approx 5.001998801$$

PRETTY GOOD APPROX!

3. (2 points) Evaluate each indefinite integral.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x}} dx &= \int x^{-3/2} dx \\ &= \frac{x^{-1/2}}{-1/2} + C = -2x^{-1/2} + C \\ &= -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + C \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b)} \int (4x - \csc^2 x) dx \\ = 2x^2 + \cot x + C \end{aligned}$$

4. (2 points) Determine the function $f(s)$ if $f'(s) = 10s - 12s^3$ and $f(3) = 2$.

$$f(s) = 5s^2 - 3s^4 + C$$

$$f(3) = 2 \Rightarrow$$

$$5(3)^2 - 3(3)^4 + C = 2$$

$$45 - 243 + C = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow C = 200$$

$$f(s) = 5s^2 - 3s^4 + 200$$