

Math 172 - Quiz 3

September 7, 2016

Name key

Score _____

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary. YOU MUST WORK INDIVIDUALLY.

1. (3 points) Find an equation of the line tangent to the graph of $y = (\sin x)^{2x}$ at the point where $x = \pi/2$. (Hint: Use logarithmic differentiation.)

$$\ln y = 2x \ln \sin x$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \ln \sin x + \frac{2x \cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left(2 \ln \sin x + \frac{2x \cos x}{\sin x} \right)$$

When $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$, $y = 1$ & $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1(2(0) + 0) = 0$

Tangent line is

$$y = 1$$

2. (4 points) Find the relative extreme values of the function $g(x) = -2 + e^{3x}(4 - 2x)$.

$$g'(x) = 3e^{3x}(4 - 2x) - 2e^{3x}$$

$$= 10e^{3x} - 6xe^{3x}$$

$$= 2e^{3x}(5 - 3x) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{5}{3}$$

Signs of $g'(x)$

+	-
←	→
g inc	g dec

$\frac{5}{3}$

$$g\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) = -2 + \frac{2}{3}e^5 \approx 96.9$$

IS A REL MAX

3. (3 points) Evaluate the definite integral:

$$\int_{1/2}^1 \frac{5e^{1/x^2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$u = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$du = -\frac{2}{x^3} dx$$

$$-\frac{5}{2} du = \frac{5}{x^3} dx$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow u = 4$$

$$x = 1 \Rightarrow u = 1$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2} \int_4^1 e^u du$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2} e^u \Big|_4^1$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2} (e - e^4)$$

$$\approx 129.7$$