<u>Math 200 - 2nd Final Exam</u> May 14, 2012

Name <u>key</u> Score ____

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations where necessary. Multiple choice problems are worth 0, 1, or 2 points depending on your answer and the work shown.

- 1. Choose the subtraction model that best fits the following problem situation: Oscar must earn a total of \$35 for a field trip. He has already earned \$17. How much more must Oscar earn?
 - (a) missing factor

WHAT PLUS 17 IS 35?

- (b) comparison
- (c) take away
- (d) missing addend
- 2. Which one of the following numbers is NOT prime?
 - (a) 17
 - (b) 41
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 2
- 3. Based on his performance throughout the semester, Julio made the following conjecture: If the sun is shining when I take an in-class quiz, I will fail the quiz. Which of the following would provide Julio with a counterexample?
 - (a) A take-home quiz that he fails when the sun is shining.
 - (b) An in-class quiz that he fails when the sun is shining.
 - (c) An in-class quiz that he passes on a dark, rainy day.
 - (d) An in-class quiz that he passes when the sun is shining.
- 4. If A and B are nonempty sets of numbers, describe an element of $A \times B$.
 - (a) a number that is in both A and B
 - (b) a number that is in A or B
 - \bigcirc an ordered pair of numbers from A and B, respectively
 - (d) a number that is the product of a number in A and a number in B
- 5. Convert to a numeral in base ten: $4352_{\rm six}$

(a) 1004

 $4 \times 6^3 + 3 \times 6^3 + 5 \times 6 + 2$

(b) 4352

= 864 + 108 + 30 + 2 = 1004

- (c) 6024
- (d) 32052

- 6. Choose the divison model that best fits the following problem situation: Martha is rationing her 36 Hershey's Kisses so that she can eat 4 each day. For how many days can Martha eat her Kisses?
 - (a) set (partition)

How many groups ?

- (b) repeated subtraction
- (c) missing factor
- (d) take away
- 7. When using the 4-step, problem-solving process, which one of these strategies would be considered part of looking back?
 - (a) Keep accurate record of your work. ← CARRY OUT PLAN
 - (b) Check each step. CARRY OUT PLAN
 - (c) Consider other possible solution methods. Look BACK
 - (d) Write an equation. DEVISE PLAN
- 8. What type of reasoning are you using when you draw a conclusion based on observation?
 - (a) Recursive thinking
 - (b) Inductive reasoning
 - (c) Circular reasoning
 - (d) Deductive reasoning
- 9. What is the name of the type of sequence shown here?

 $3, 12, 48, 192, 768, \dots$

(a) Geometric sequence

(b) Arithmetic sequence

(c) Figurate sequence

- (d) Random sequence
- 10. Which one of the fractions below is not equivalent to 20/12?

(a)
$$200/120 = \frac{20}{12}$$

(b)
$$(5/3) \cdot (4/4) = 30/13$$

(c)
$$340/204 = 5/3 = 30/19$$

(d)
$$1820/1274 = 10/7$$

11. The GCD of 182 and 520 is 26. What is the LCM of 182 and 520?

$$Lcm = \frac{180 \times 500}{26} = 3640$$

- (c) 94640
- (d) 4160
- 12. Find the 915th term of the following arithmetic sequence:

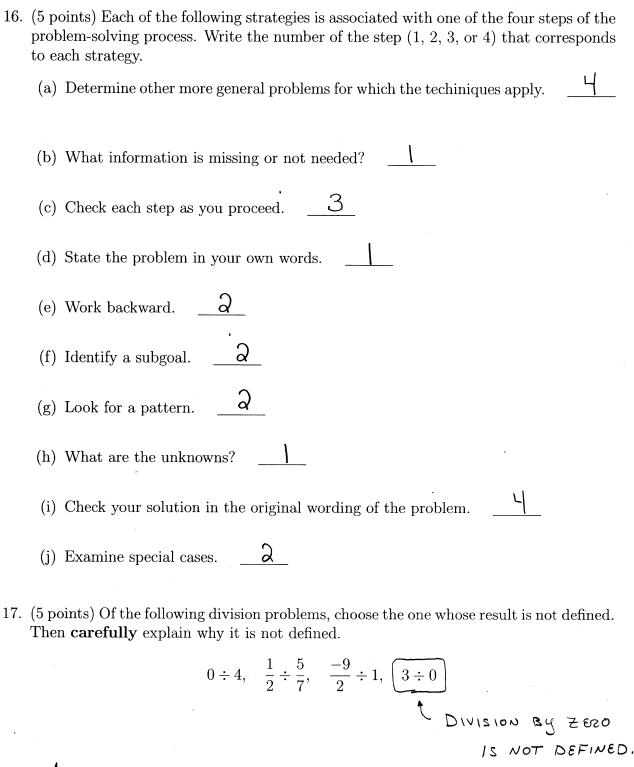
$$1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, \dots$$

- 13. Which one of the following divisibility tests is incorrect?
 - (a) A whole number is divisible by 4 if the number formed by its last two digits is divisible by 4.
 - (b) A whole number is divisible by 12 if it is divisible by both 2 and 6.
 - (c) A whole number is divisible by 8 if the number formed by its last three digits is divisible by 8.
 - (d) A whole number is divisible by 9 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9.
- 14. Suppose x is a negative integer and y is a positive integer.

What is the sign of -x - (-y)?

$$-X+y=(-X)+y=positive+positive$$

- (b) negative
- (c) zero
- (d) more information is required
- 15. Choose the multiplication model that best fits the following problem situation: Fred gave 6 trading cards to each of his 4 best friends. How many cards did Fred give away?
 - (a) Cartesian product
 - (b) repeated addition
 - (c) set (partition)
 - (d) missing factor



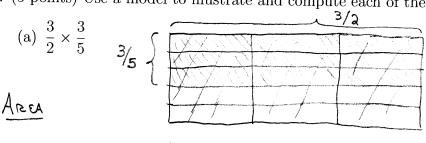
According to the missing Factor model,

3:0 Asks "What Times O is 3?"

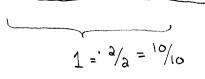
Every number Times O is O, Such There is

NO SUCH NUMBER.

18. (5 points) Use a model to illustrate and compute each of the following.



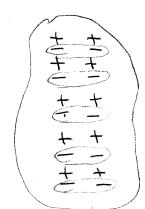
NINE PIECES ARE SHADED (DARK) AND 1 WHOLE IS 10 PIECES 9/10 15 SHADED.



(b) $-5 \times (-2)$ CHARGES

START WITH Zero

(c) 4 - (-5)

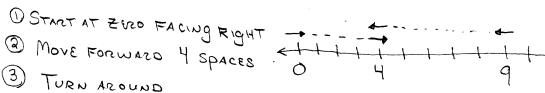


TAKE OUT 5 groups OF 2 -1,

LEFT WITH 10 +'s.

$$-5x(-2)=+10$$

NUMBER LINE

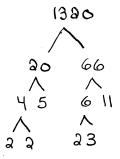


TURN AROUND

Move BACKWARD 5 SPACES

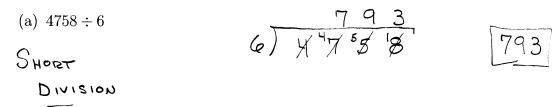
4-(-5) = 9

19. (5 points) Find the prime factorizations of 1320 and 300. Then use the prime factorizations to find the greatest common divisor and least common multiple. (Be sure to label which is which.)



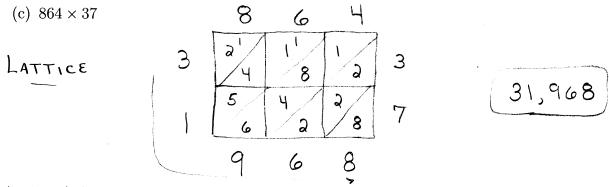
$$Lcm = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^3 \cdot 11$$

20. (5 points) Use a NONSTANDARD algorithm to compute each of the following.



(b)
$$423 - 267$$

Equal Additions $-367 \rightarrow -370 \rightarrow -300$
 156



21. (5 points) Clearly state the rule for adding two integers with opposite signs. Give an example that illustrates your rule. Be absolutely certain that your example actually shows what your rule says!

SUBTRACT THEIR ABSOLUTE VALUES, LEAST FROM

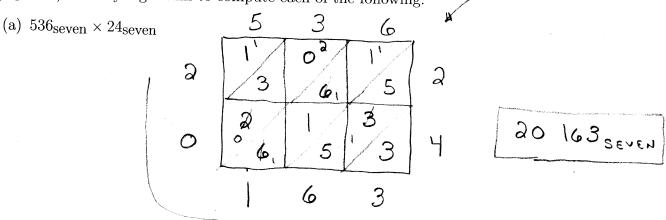
GREATEST. THEN GIVE THAT RESULT THE SIGN

OF THE ORIGINAL ADDEND WITH THE GREATEST

ABSOLUTE VALUE.

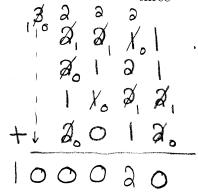
e.g.
$$4 + (-9) = -(9-4) = -5$$

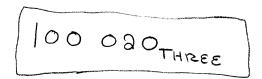
22. (5 points) Use any algorithm to compute each of the following.



BASE SEVEN

(b) $2211_{\text{three}} + 2121_{\text{three}} + 1122_{\text{three}} + 2012_{\text{three}}$





- 23. (5 points) Clearly state each of the following divisibility tests.
 - (a) Test for divisibility by 8

AN INTEGER IS DIVISIBLE BY 8 IF AND ONLY IF THE INTEGERS

LAST THREE DIGITS FORM AN INTEGER THAT IS DIVISIBLE

BY 8.

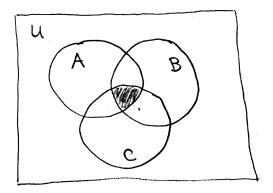
(b) Test for divisibility by 5

AN INTEGER IS DIVISIBLE BY 5 IF AND ONLY IF ITS ONES DIGIT IS DIVISIBLE BY 5 (I.E. O or 5)

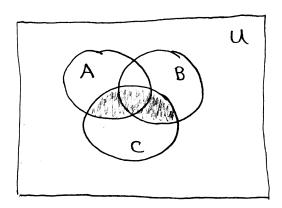
(c) Test for divisibility by 9

AN INTEGER IS DIVISIBLE BY 9 IF AND ONLY IF THE SUM OF ITS DIGITS IS DIVISIBLE BY 9.

- 24. (5 points) For each part of the problem, sketch a three-set Venn diagram and shade the region corresponding to the given operation.
 - (a) $A \cap B \cap C$



(b) $(A \cup B) \cap C$



(c) $B - (A \cup C)$

