Math 206 - Quiz 4

February 21, 2018

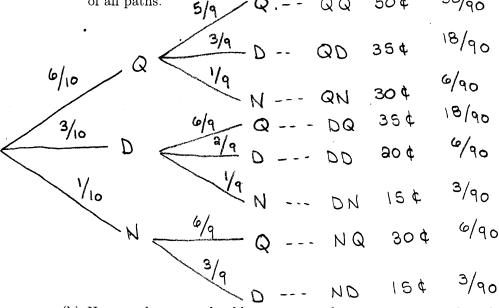
Name _	Key	
	J	Score

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (3.5 points) A jar contains 6 quarters, 3 dimes, and 1 nickel. Two coins are selected at random (without replacement).

(a) Sketch the complete tree diagram for this experiment. Include the probabilities of all paths.

5/8 / Q . - - Q Q 50 ¢ 30/90



(b) How much money should you expect when two coins are selected. (Compute the expected value.)

$$50\left(\frac{30}{90}\right) + 35\left(\frac{36}{90}\right) + 30\left(\frac{19}{90}\right) + 30\left(\frac{6}{90}\right) + 15\left(\frac{6}{90}\right)$$

$$= 376$$

(c) What are the odds in favor of selecting 30 cents?

Prob is
$$\frac{6}{90} + \frac{6}{90} = \frac{19}{90} \Rightarrow ODDS ARE 12:78$$
or $2:13$

2. (1.5 points) Design a simulation that could be used to estimate the solution of the following problem.

What is the probability that in a group of five people chosen at random, at least two will have birthdays in the same month?

Perform ten trials of your simulation and explain how you would use your results to answer the question.

LABEL THE MONTHS 1-12. ROLL A 12-SIDED DIE 5 TIMES
TO SIMULATE SELECTING 5 PEOPLE AND ASKING THEIR BIRTH
MONTHS. THIS WOULD BE ONE TRIAL. IT IS A SUCCESS
IF THERE IS A REPEATED NUMBER (I.E. BIRTH MONTH).

REPEAT FOR SEVERAL TRIALS. PROBABILITY IS

SEE ATTACHED SHEET FOR

10 TRIALS.

THE WERE 8 SUCCESSES.

$$P_{ROB} = \frac{8}{10}$$

RESULTS

10 Sets of 5 Numbers Per Set
Range: From 1 to 12 — Sorted from Least to Greatest

Set #1

3, 3, 3, 5, 5

Set #2

3, 4, 4, 8, 10

Set #3

4, 4, 6, 9, 10

Set #4

1, 5, 6, 6, 6

Set #5

1, 5, 9, 9, 12

Set #6

1, 3, 4, 7, 9

Set #7

3, 3, 7, 9, 10

Set #8

1, 2, 3, 10, 11

Set #9

5, 5, 5, 8, 10

Sot#10

3, 12, 12, 12, 12