

Math 216 - Quiz 5

March 12, 2014

Name key

Score _____

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (4 points) A small cannonball weighing 16 pounds ($mg = 16$) is shot vertically upward from the ground with an initial velocity of 300 ft/s. Air resistance is proportional to the velocity with constant of proportionality $b = 0.0025$. Find a function giving the height of the cannonball at time t . Also determine the maximum height of the cannonball.

$$mg = 16 \Rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{dv}{dt} = -16 - 0.0025v, \quad v(0) = 300$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + 0.005v = -32$$

$$\mu(t) = e^{\int 0.005 dt} = e^{0.005t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v(t) &= e^{-0.005t} \int -32 e^{0.005t} dt \\ &= e^{-0.005t} \left(\frac{-32}{0.005} e^{0.005t} + C \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$= -6400 + C e^{-0.005t}$$

$$v(0) = 300 \Rightarrow C = 6700$$

$$v(t) = -6400 + 6700 e^{-0.005t}$$

$$x(t) = -6400t - \frac{6700}{0.005} e^{-0.005t} + C$$

$$x(0) = 0 \Rightarrow C = \frac{6700}{0.005} = 1,340,000$$

$$x(t) = -6400t - 1,340,000 e^{-0.005t} + 1,340,000$$

MAX HEIGHT OCCURS

WHEN $v(t) = 0$

$$e^{-0.005t} = \frac{64}{67}$$

$$t = \frac{\ln(64/67)}{-0.005}$$

$$\approx 9.16$$

$$x(9.16\dots)$$

$$\approx 1363.8 \text{ FT}$$

2. (6 points) Consider the initial value problem $y' = x^2 + y^2$, $y(0) = 1$.

(a) Use the improved Euler's method with $h = 0.1$ to approximate $y(0.3)$.

$$y^* = y_n + h f(x_n, y_n)$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_n, y_n) + f(x_{n+1}, y^*)]$$

$$y_0 = 1$$

$$x_0 = 0$$

$$y^* = 1 + 0.1(1) = 1.1$$

$$x_1 = 0.1$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 0.1/2 [(1) + (1.22)] = 1.111$$

$$y^* = 1.111 + 0.1(1.244321) = 1.2354321$$

$$x_2 = 0.2$$

$$y_2 = y_1 + 0.1/2 [x_1^2 + y_1^2 + x_2^2 + y^{*2}]$$

$$= 1.251530674$$

$$y^* = y_2 + 0.1(x_2^2 + y_2^2) = 1.412163576$$

$$x_3 = 0.3, y_3 = y_2 + 0.1/2 [x_2^2 + y_2^2 + x_3^2 + y^{*2}]$$

(b) Use a computer program to experiment with the improved Euler's method with various step sizes. Try to find the solution of the equation $y(x) = 1.75$ accurate to 3 decimal places.

Using $h = 0.1$,

A SOLUTION IS BETWEEN

$$X = 0.4 \text{ \& } X = 0.5$$

Using $h = 0.01$,

A SOLUTION IS BETWEEN

$$X = 0.41 \text{ \& } X = 0.42$$

Using $h = 0.001$,

A SOLUTION IS BETWEEN

$$X = 0.417 \text{ \& } X = 0.418$$

Using $h = 0.0001$,

A SOLUTION IS BETWEEN

$$X = 0.4171 \text{ \& } X = 0.4172$$

$$y(x) = 1.75$$

↓

$$X \approx 0.417$$

$$y(0.3) \approx y_3 = 1.436$$

$$y(0.3) \approx y_3 = 1.436057423$$

(c) Determine the Taylor method of order 3 for this differential equation.

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

$$f'(x, y) = 2x + 2y \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$= 2x + 2x^2 y + 2y^3$$

$$f''(x, y) = 2 + 4xy + 2x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 6y^2 \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$= 2 + 4xy + 2x^4 + 2x^2 y^2 + 6x^2 y^2 + 6y^4$$

$$= 2 + 4xy + 2x^4 + 8x^2 y^2 + 6y^4$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h(x_n^2 + y_n^2) + \frac{h^2}{2}(2x_n + 2x_n^2 y_n + 2y_n^3)$$

$$+ \frac{h^3}{6}(2 + 4x_n y_n + 2x_n^4 + 8x_n^2 y_n^2 + 6y_n^4)$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h$$