

# Math 130 - Quiz 2 IC

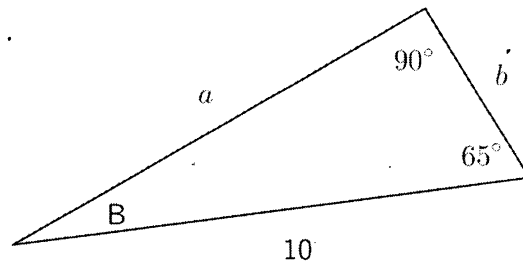
September 2, 2020

Name key

Score \_\_\_\_\_

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (3 points) Consider the right triangle shown below.



- (a) Determine the measure of the angle labeled  $B$ .  $m(\angle B) = 180^\circ - (90^\circ + 65^\circ)$   
 $= 25^\circ$

- (b) Use your calculator and an appropriate trigonometric function to compute the side length,  $a$ . Round to the nearest hundredth.

$$\cos 25^\circ = \frac{a}{10} \Rightarrow a = 10 \cos 25^\circ \approx 9.06$$

- (c) Use your calculator and an appropriate trigonometric function to compute the side length,  $b$ . Round to the nearest hundredth.

$$\sin 25^\circ = \frac{b}{10} \Rightarrow b = 10 \sin 25^\circ \approx 4.23$$

2. (2 points) The angle  $\alpha$  is the smallest angle of a certain right triangle, and  $\sec \alpha = \sqrt{73}/8$ .

- (a) Compute  $\sin \alpha$ .

$$\sec \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{73}}{8} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{8}{\sqrt{73}}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{64}{73} = \frac{9}{73}$$

- (b) Suppose  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  ~~and~~ ARE complementary angles. Compute  $\csc \beta$ .

$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{3}{\sqrt{73}}$$

COFUNCTIONS AT COMPLEMENTARY  $\angle$ 's ARE

$$\text{EQUAL} \Rightarrow \sec \alpha = \csc \beta \Rightarrow \csc \beta = \frac{\sqrt{73}}{8}$$

# Math 130 - Quiz 2 TH

September 2, 2020

Name key

Score \_\_\_\_\_

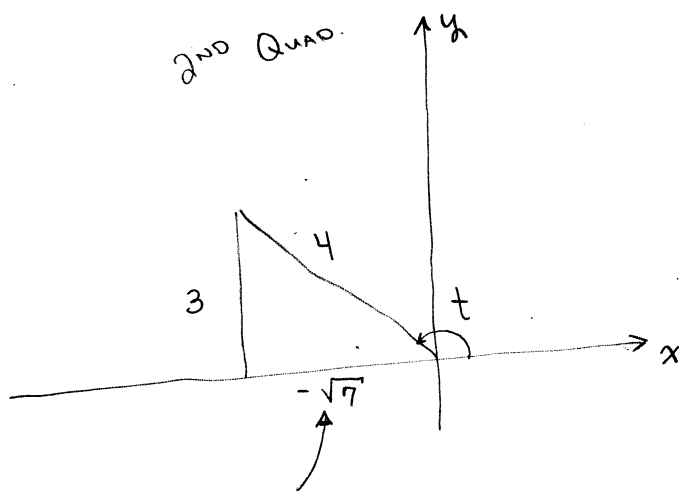
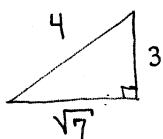
Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary. You must work individually on this quiz. The quiz is due September 9.

1. (1 point) If  $\tan t \approx 2.755$  and  $\sin t \approx 0.940$ , estimate the value of  $\cos t$ . Round to the nearest thousandth.

$$\tan t = \frac{\sin t}{\cos t} \Rightarrow \cos t = \frac{\sin t}{\tan t}$$

$$\cos t \approx \frac{0.940}{2.755} \approx 0.341$$

2. (2 points) Suppose  $t$  is a 2nd quadrant angle with  $\sin t = 3/4$ . Find the exact values of  $\cos t$ ,  $\tan t$ , and  $\csc t$ .



$$-\sqrt{16-9} = -\sqrt{7}$$

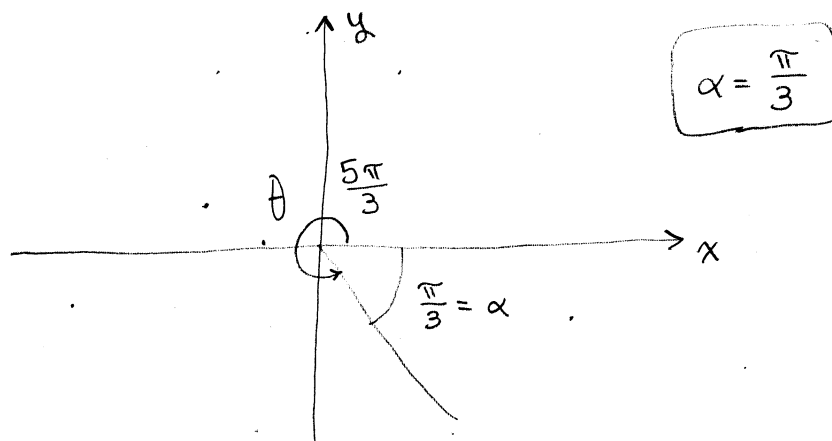
$$\cos t = \frac{-\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

$$\tan t = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$\csc t = \frac{4}{3}$$

3. (2 points) Let  $\theta$  be the angle in standard position that has radian measure  $5\pi/3$ .

(a) Let  $\alpha$  be the reference angle for  $\theta$ . Compute  $\alpha$ .



(b) Determine the exact value of  $\csc \alpha$ .

$$\csc \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{1}{\sin \frac{\pi}{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}/2} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

(c) Explain how the reference angle and your result from part (b) can be used to obtain  $\csc \theta$ .

$\frac{5\pi}{3}$  IS IN QUAD 4, WITH THE REFERENCE ANGLE,  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ .

THE COSECANT IS NEG. IN QUAD 4.

$$\csc \frac{5\pi}{3} = -\csc \frac{\pi}{3} = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{-2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\approx -1.1547$$