

# Math 131 - Quiz 10

November 30, 2022

Name key

Score \_\_\_\_\_

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary. This quiz is due December 5.

1. (2 points) Determine the function  $f$  that satisfies  $f'(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 7x$  and  $f(1) = 4$ .

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{2}{3}x^3 + \frac{7}{2}x^2 + C$$

$$f(1) = 4 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{2} + C = 4$$

$$C = 4 - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{7}{2} = \frac{11}{12}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{2}{3}x^3 + \frac{7}{2}x^2 + \frac{11}{12}$$

2. (3 points) Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . Use 6 subintervals of equal length and subinterval left endpoints to compute the corresponding Riemann sum for  $f$  over the interval  $[1, 4]$ .

$$\Delta x = \frac{4-1}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$c_1 = 1$$

$$c_2 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$c_3 = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$c_4 = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$c_5 = \frac{6}{2}$$

$$c_6 = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\text{Riemann sum} = \sum_{k=1}^6 f(c_k) \Delta x$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2}{2} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{2}{7} \right)$$

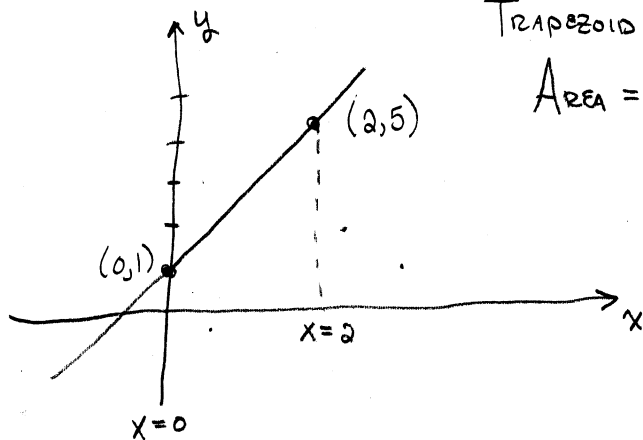
$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} =$$

$$\frac{223}{140}$$

$$\approx 1.592857$$

Turn over.

3. (2 points) Use the area concept to evaluate  $\int_0^2 (2x+1) dx$ . Show your work.



Trapezoid

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{5+1}{2} \cdot (2-0) \\ &= \boxed{6} = \int_0^2 (2x+1) dx \end{aligned}$$

4. (3 points) Use the fundamental theorem of calculus to evaluate each definite integral.

(a)  $\int_0^{\pi/2} (x + \sin x) dx$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \cos x \Big|_0^{\pi/2} = \left( \frac{\pi^2}{8} - 0 \right) - (0 - 1) \\ &= \boxed{\frac{\pi^2}{8} + 1} \end{aligned}$$

(b)  $\int_1^2 \frac{1+x}{x} dx = \int_1^2 \left( \frac{1}{x} + 1 \right) dx = \ln x + x \Big|_1^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (\ln(2) + 2) - (\ln(1) + 1) \\ &= \boxed{\ln 2 + 1} \end{aligned}$$