

Math 172 - Quiz 6

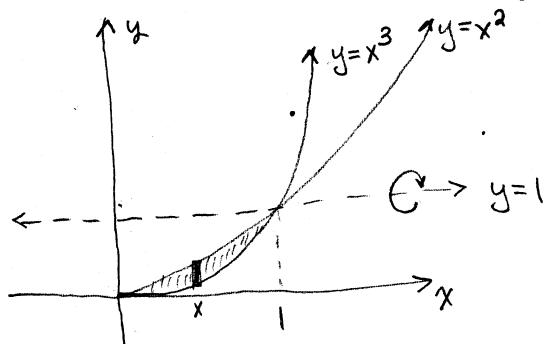
October 4, 2017

Name key

Score _____

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

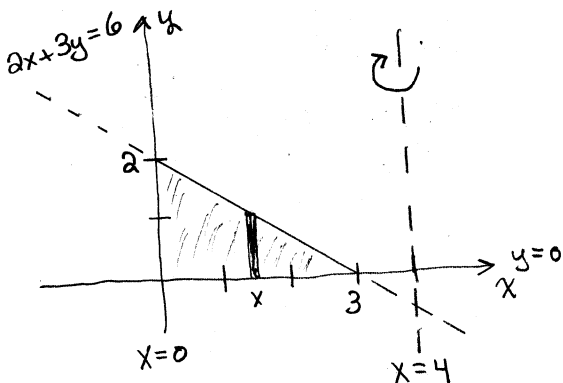
1. (4 points) The 1st-quadrant region bounded by the graphs of $y = x^2$ and $y = x^3$ is rotated about the line $y = 1$ to form a solid. Find its volume.



WASHERS...

$$\begin{aligned} \pi \int_0^1 (1-x^3)^2 - (1-x^2)^2 dx \\ = \pi \int_0^1 (1 - 2x^3 + x^6 - 1 + 2x^2 - x^4) dx \\ = \pi \left(-\frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{5} \right) = \boxed{\frac{23\pi}{10}} \end{aligned}$$

2. (4 points) The region bounded by the graphs of $2x + 3y = 6$, $y = 0$, and $x = 0$ is rotated about the line $x = 4$ to form a solid. Find the volume of the solid.



SHELLS...

$$\begin{aligned} 2\pi \int_0^3 (4-x) \left(\frac{6-2x}{3} \right) dx = 2\pi \int_0^3 \left(8 - \frac{14}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}x^2 \right) dx \\ = 2\pi \left(8x - \frac{7}{3}x^2 + \frac{2}{9}x^3 \right) \Big|_0^3 = 2\pi (24 - 21 + 6) \\ = \boxed{18\pi} \end{aligned}$$

3. (2 points) Set up the definite integral required to find the length of the graph of $y = e^{2x}$ from the point where $x = 0$ to the point where $x = 1$. Use your calculator to approximate the value of your integral.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Arc length} &= \int_0^1 \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \sqrt{1 + (2e^{2x})^2} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \sqrt{1 + 4e^{4x}} dx \approx 6.495 \end{aligned}$$