

Math 200 - Quiz 2

February 9, 2011

Name key

Score _____

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (2 points) What kind of sequence is defined in the following table? Find a formula for the n th term of the sequence.

n	n th term
1	5
2	$10 = 5 \cdot 2$
3	$20 = 5 \cdot 2^2$
4	$40 = 5 \cdot 2^3$
5	$80 = 5 \cdot 2^4$

GEOMETRIC,

WITH

RATIO = 2

$$N^{\text{TH}} \text{ TERM} = 5 \cdot 2^{N-1}$$

2. (1 point) What does it mean for a sequence to be defined recursively?

A SEQUENCE IS RECURSIVE IF IT IS DEFINED IN SUCH A WAY THAT YOU OBTAIN A TERM BY USING PREVIOUS TERMS. SEE #4 BELOW.

3. (1 point) Find the next term in the following sequence.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 4, & 6, & 13, & 25, & 42, & \dots & \boxed{64} \\ \vee & \vee & \vee & \vee & \vee & & \\ 2 & 7 & 12 & 17 & 22 & & \\ \vee & \vee & \vee & \vee & & & \\ 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & & & \end{array}$$

NEXT TERM IS 64.

4. (1 point) A sequence is defined as follows:

$$A_1 = 5 \quad \text{and} \quad A_n = n + A_{n-1} \quad \text{for } n = 2, 3, 4, \dots$$

Find A_3 .

$$A_2 = 2 + A_1 = 7$$

$$A_3 = 3 + A_2 = 3 + 7 = \boxed{10}$$