

Math 233 - Test 1
September 16, 2021

Name _____

Score _____

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations where necessary.

1. (6 points) Find a vector of magnitude 7 that has the direction from P (2, 5, 8) to Q (-1, 3, 4).

2. (6 points) Let $\vec{u} = -5\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - \hat{k}$.

- (a) Find a vector, different from \vec{u} , that is parallel to \vec{u} . Give a one-sentence explanation of how you know.

- (b) Find a nonzero vector that is orthogonal to \vec{u} . Give a one-sentence explanation of how you know.

3. (2 points) Without actually computing the cross product, use the right-hand rule to determine $\hat{k} \times \hat{j}$.

4. (6 points) Find a set of symmetric equations for the line passing through $(2, 1, 5)$ and parallel to the line with parametric equations $x = 3 + 2t$, $y = -6 - t$, $z = 7 - 5t$.

5. (9 points) In the following problems, the force vectors \vec{F}_1 and \vec{F}_2 are 2D vectors in the xy -plane.

(a) The force \vec{F}_1 has magnitude 3 and makes a 225° angle with the positive x -axis. Find the component form of \vec{F}_1 .

(b) The force \vec{F}_2 has component form $\vec{F}_2 = 5\sqrt{3}\hat{i} + 10\hat{j}$. Compute the resultant vector $\vec{F} = \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2$.

(c) What angle does \vec{F} make with the positive x -axis?

6. (4 points) The angle between \vec{u} and \vec{v} is obtuse. What can be said about $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}$? Briefly explain.

7. (8 points) Find the angle between the planes described by the following equations.

$$2x - y + 2z = 7$$

$$-5x + 3z = 12$$

8. (6 points) Let $\vec{r}(t) = \frac{\sin t}{t}\hat{i} + \ln(t+1)\hat{j} + e^{2t}\hat{k}$.

(a) Determine the domain of \vec{r} .

(b) Compute $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \vec{r}(t)$.

9. (6 points) Find the projection of $\vec{w} = \hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ onto $\vec{u} = 7\hat{i} + 4\hat{k}$.

10. (8 points) Find a set of parametric equations for a line in the plane $5x - 9y - 8z = 5$.

11. (7 points) Find the vector-valued function $\vec{r}(t)$ such that

$$\vec{r}'(t) = te^{-t^2}\hat{i} - e^{-t}\hat{j} + \hat{k}; \quad \vec{r}(0) = \frac{1}{2}\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}.$$

12. (6 points) Sketch the graph of the vector-valued function $\vec{r}(t) = t^3\hat{i} + t\hat{j}$. Draw arrows on your graph to indicate the curve's orientation.

13. (8 points) Let $\vec{r}(t) = \cos 2t \hat{i} - \sin 2t \hat{j} + 4t \hat{k}$.

(a) Let $\hat{T}(t) = \frac{\vec{r}'(t)}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|}$. Compute $\hat{T}(t)$.

(b) Compute $\hat{T}(t) \cdot \hat{T}'(t)$.

14. (10 points) Let $\vec{u} = -2\hat{i} + 9\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{v} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$.

(a) Find a vector orthogonal to both \vec{u} and \vec{v} .

(b) Find an equation of the plane passing through $(5, 0, 3)$ with normal vector is $\vec{u} \times \vec{v}$.

15. (8 points) A crystal structure has the form of a parallelepiped determined by the vectors $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$, and $\vec{c} = -4\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, where distances are measured in micrometers. Find the volume of the parallelepiped.

