Math 233 - Quiz 3

February 2, 2023

 $Name_{-}$ Score

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (3 points) Find a unit vector that is orthogonal to both $\vec{u} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$

 $\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{c} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & -a & 3 \\ -a & c & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$||use - uxv|| = 8c + |3j + 6k$$

$$||-uxv|| = \sqrt{64 + |69 + 36} = \sqrt{369}$$

= $\hat{\iota}(-a-6) - \hat{\jmath}(1+1a) + k(a-8)$ = -8î-13ĵ-6k

$$\frac{-\vec{u}\times\vec{v}}{\|\vec{u}\times\vec{v}\|} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{369}} \left(8\hat{c} + 13\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}\right)$$

2. (3 points) Find a set of parametric equations for the line segment from P(1, -4, 3)to Q(6,5,1).

 $\overrightarrow{PQ} = (6-1)^2 + (5+4)^2 + (1-3)^2$ = 5î+9î-ak STARTING FROM P (1,-4,3)

3. (2 points) A line is described by the symmetric equations $\frac{x+2}{5} = \frac{7-y}{2} = z - 8$. Find a point on the line, and find a vector parallel to the line.

 $\frac{X+d}{5} = \frac{y-1}{-a} = \frac{z-8}{1}$

POINT: (-2,7,8)

PARALLEL VECTOR: 5Ĉ-2ĵ+k

4. (2 points) Find a unit vector that is normal to the plane given by the 2x + y - 3z = 8.

 $\vec{n} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ 11/1 = 14+1+9 = 14

$$\frac{\vec{n}}{\|\vec{n}\|} = \frac{3\hat{c} + \hat{j} - 3\hat{k}}{\sqrt{14}}$$