

MTH 233 Assignment #6 key

$$1) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x(x-y)}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}$$

$$= \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{\cancel{x}(x-y)(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y})}{(x-y)}$$

$$= \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} (x(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y})) = \boxed{0}$$

$$2) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 y}{x^4 + y^2}$$

$$\text{Along } x=0: \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{0}{y^2} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} 0 = 0$$

$$\text{Along } y=x^2: \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^4}{2x^4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

} Limit
DNE by
Two-path
Test.

$$3) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy + y^3}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\text{Along } x=0 : \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y^3}{y^2} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} y = 0$$

$$\text{Along } x=y : \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y^2 + y^3}{2y^2} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1+y}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

} Limit DNE
By
Two PATH
TEST

$$4) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (1,0)} \frac{(x-1)y + y^3}{(x-1)^2 + y^2}$$

$$\text{Along } x=1 : \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y^3}{y^2} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} y = 0$$

$$\text{Along } y=x-1 : \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y^2 + y^3}{2y^2} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1+y}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

} Limit DNE
By
Two PATH
TEST.

Problems
★ 3 & 4 ARE SAME UNDER THE
SUBSTITUTION $u = x-1$

5)

$$\begin{aligned}
 a) \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4 - 16y^2}{x^2 + 4y} &= \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{\cancel{(x^2 + 4y)}(x^2 - 4y)}{\cancel{x^2 + 4y}} \\
 &= \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} (x^2 - 4y) = \boxed{0}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (2,2)} \frac{3(x-y)}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}} &= \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (2,2)} \frac{\cancel{3(x-y)}(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y})}{\cancel{x-y}} \\
 &= \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (2,2)} 3(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}) = \boxed{6\sqrt{2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$6) \quad f(x,y) = e^{xy} + \sin(4x) \cos(5y)$$

$$f_x(x,y) = ye^{xy} + 4 \cos(4x) \cos(5y)$$

$$f_y(x,y) = xe^{xy} - 5 \sin(4x) \sin(5y)$$

$$7) \quad z = \ln(xy + y^2)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{y}{xy + y^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{x + 2y}{xy + y^2}$$

$$8) \quad z = x^2 + 3xy + 2y^2$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 2x + 3y$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 3x + 4y$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = 2$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 4$$