

# Math 236 - Assignment 1

January 22, 2025

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Score \_\_\_\_\_

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary. Do all computations by hand. This assignment is due January 29.

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1. Find the solution set by reducing to echelon form.

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 - 3x_2 + 4x_3 &= -4 \\3x_1 - 7x_2 + 7x_3 &= -8 \\-4x_1 + 6x_2 - x_3 &= 7\end{aligned}$$

2. Find the solution set by reducing to echelon form.

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 - 3x_3 &= 8 \\2x_1 + 2x_2 + 9x_3 &= 7 \\x_2 + 5x_3 &= -2\end{aligned}$$

3. Prove that each elementary row operation in Gauss's method is reversible.

4. For which values of  $b$  are there no solutions, infinitely many solutions, or a unique solution?

$$\begin{aligned}2x + y &= 7 \\8x + 4y &= b\end{aligned}$$

5. Consider the system shown below with variables  $x$  and  $y$ . Use geometric reasoning to explain why there are three possibilities: no solution, infinitely many solutions, unique solution.

$$\begin{aligned}ax + by &= c \\dx + ey &= f\end{aligned}$$

6. Find the solution set by reducing to echelon form. Write the solution set in vector notation, identifying a particular solution and the solution of the corresponding homogeneous system.

$$\begin{aligned}x - z &= 1 \\y + 2z - w &= 3 \\x + 2y + 3z - w &= 7\end{aligned}$$

7. Find the coefficients  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  so that the graph of  $p(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$  passes through the points  $(1, -6)$ ,  $(2, -9)$ , and  $(-1, -12)$ .

8. Describe all functions  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$  such that  $f(1) = 2$ . Do so by writing

$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \text{particular} + \text{homogeneous}.$$