

# Math 240 - Quiz 2

August 31, 2023

Name key

Score \_\_\_\_\_

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary. This quiz is due September 5.

1. (5 points) Consider the equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy^2 + 3x^2y^2$ .

- (a) Use our existence/uniqueness theorem to say what you can about possible solutions through a given point.

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(x,y) &= 2xy^2 + 3x^2y^2 \\ f_y(x,y) &= 4xy + 6x^2y \end{aligned} \right\} f \text{ \& } f_y \text{ ARE CONTINUOUS EVERYWHERE.}$$

THERE IS A UNIQUE SOLUTION THROUGH ANY GIVEN POINT.

- (b) Use a slope field generator to construct a slope field for the equation in the vicinity of the point  $(1, -1)$ . Print and attach your slope field (or email it).

SEE ATTACHED.

- (c) Solve the equation along with the initial condition  $y(1) = -1$ .

$$\frac{1}{y^2} dy = (2x + 3x^2) dx$$

$$\int y^{-2} dy = \int 2x + 3x^2 dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{y} = x^2 + x^3 + C_1$$

$$y = \frac{1}{C_2 - x^2 - x^3}$$

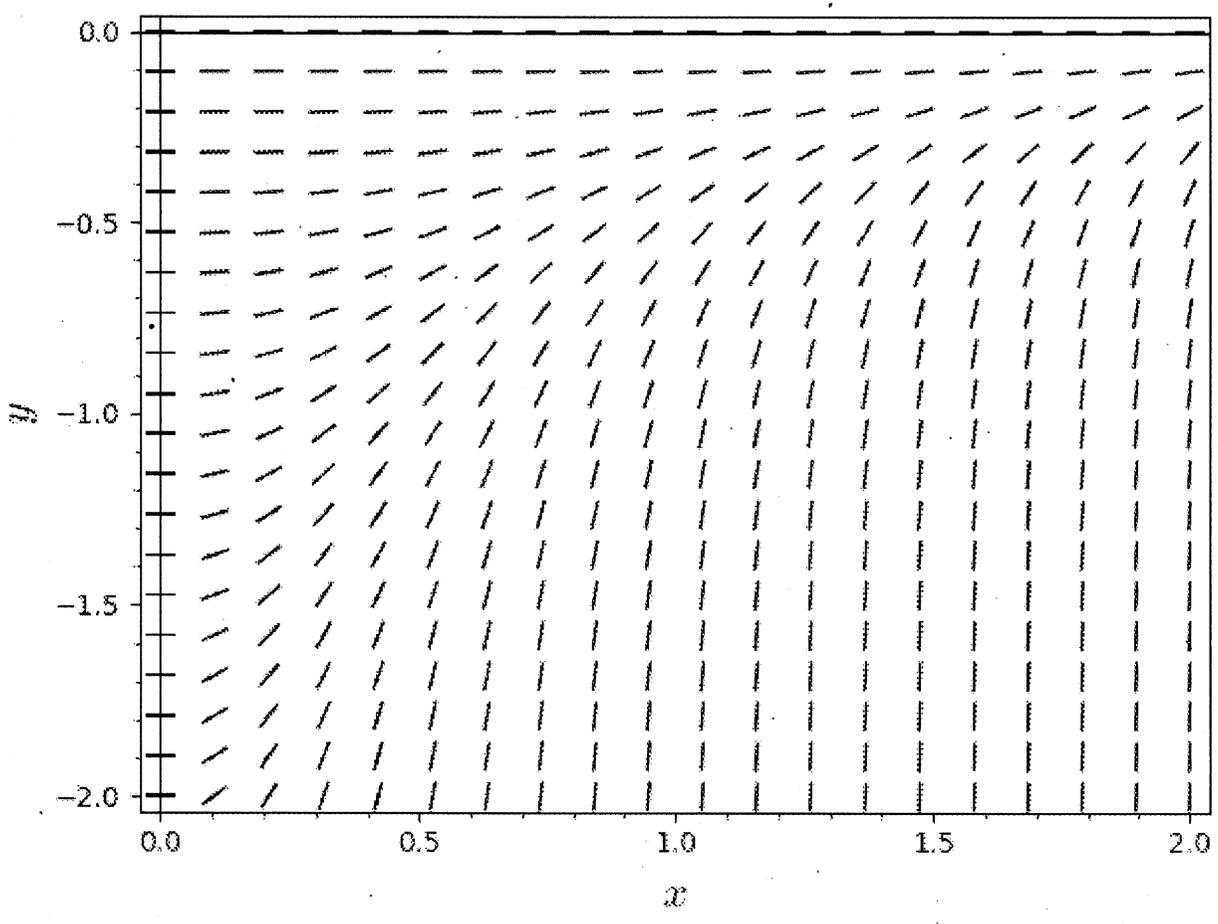
$$y(x) = \frac{1}{1 - x^2 - x^3}$$

$$y(1) = -1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{C_2 - 2} = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow C_2 = 1$$

Turn over.

SLOPE FIELD FOR PROBLEM #1b



2. (1 point) Use Euler's method (preferably on a calculator or computer) with  $h = 0.1$  to estimate  $y(2)$  for the IVP

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy^2 + 3x^2y^2, \quad y(1) = -1.$$

SEE ATTACHED.

3. (2 points) Use Euler's method (by hand) with  $h = 0.1$  to estimate  $y(0.3)$  for the IVP

$$f(x, y) = -2xy$$

$$y' = -2xy, \quad y(0) = 2.$$

$$y_0 = 2$$

$$x_0 = 0$$

$$y_1 = 2 + 0.1 [(-2)(0)(2)] = 2$$

$$x_1 = 0.1$$

$$y_2 = 2 + 0.1 [-2(0.1)(2)] = 1.96$$

$$x_2 = 0.2$$

$$y_3 = 1.96 + 0.1 [-2(0.2)(1.96)] = 1.8816$$

$$x_3 = 0.3$$

$$y(0.3) \approx 1.8816$$

4. (2 points) Find the exact solution of the IVP in problem 3.

$$\frac{dy}{y} = -2x dx$$

$$\ln |y| = -x^2 + C_1$$

$$|y| = e^{-x^2 + C_1} = C_2 e^{-x^2}$$

$$y = C_3 e^{-x^2}$$

$$y(0) = 2 \Rightarrow C_3 = 2$$

$$y(x) = 2e^{-x^2}$$

$$y(0.3) = 2e^{-0.09} \approx 1.82786$$

Problem #2

Starting values:

$x = 1.0, y = -1.0$

Ending values:

$x = 2.0000000000000001, y = -0.07782801221302064$

[1.0, -1.0]

[1.1, -0.5]

[1.2000000000000002, -0.35424999999999995]

[1.3000000000000003, -0.2699186619999999]

[1.4000000000000004, -0.21403804549846744]

[1.5000000000000004, -0.17427298218720955]

[1.6000000000000005, -0.14466118667479666]

[1.7000000000000006, -0.12189276415878217]

[1.8000000000000007, -0.10395934409198009]

[1.9000000000000008, -0.08956369385356583]

[2.0000000000000001, -0.07782801221302064]

Graph to accompany Problem #2

